

**VAHTS Universal V10 RNA-seq
Library Prep Kit (Premixed Version)**

NR616



Instruction for Use
Version 26.1

Contents

01/Product Description	02
02/Components	02
03/Storage	02
04/Applications	02
05/Self-prepared Materials	03
06/Notes	04
06-1/About RNA Sample Quality Control	04
06-2/About RNA Sample Preparation	04
06-3/About DNA Magnetic Beads	04
06-4/About Operation	05
07/Mechanism & Workflow	05
08/Experiment Process	07
08-1/mRNA Enrichment and Fragmentation	07
08-2/Double-Stranded cDNA Synthesis	11
08-3/Adapter Ligation	12
08-4/Purification and Size Selection	13
08-5/Library Amplification	15
08-6/Library Quality Control	16
09/FAQ & Troubleshooting	17
Appendix I: Size Selection Conditions for Full Length	18
Adapter or Stubby Adapter on Illumina & MGI Platforms	

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

01/Product Description

VAHTS Universal V10 RNA-seq Library Prep Kit (Premixed Version) is designed for transcriptome library preparation for Illumina and MGI high-throughput sequencing platforms. The kit offers two types of second strand cDNA synthesis reagents for either non-strand-specific transcriptome or strand-specific transcriptome library preparation. The kit streamlines the workflow with pre-mixed reagents, while the optimized reaction system enhances library preparation efficiency, supports lower input amounts, and ensures uniform coverage across different input levels. All the reagents provided in the kit have undergone rigorous quality control and function testing to ensure the optimal stability and repeatability of library preparation.

02/Components

Components	NR616-01 (24 rxns)	NR616-02 (96 rxns)
 Frag/Prime Buffer 2	480 µl	2 × 960 µl
 1st Synthetic Master Mix 2	216 µl	864 µl
 2nd Synthetic Master Mix 2 (with dNTP)	960 µl	4 × 960 µl
 2nd Synthetic Master Mix 2 (with dUTP)	960 µl	4 × 960 µl
 Ligase Master Mix 2	720 µl	4 × 720 µl
 PCR Primer Mix 6 for Illumina	120 µl	480 µl
 PCR Primer Mix 6 for MGI	120 µl	480 µl
 VAHTS HiFi Amplification Mix 3	600 µl	4 × 600 µl

▲ Two types of PCR Primer Mix for Illumina and MGI platforms are provided in the kit. Please select the PCR Primer Mix for the corresponding sequencing platform if full-length adapters are used.

03/Storage

Store at -30 ~ -15°C and ship at ≤0°C.

04/Applications

The VAHTS Universal V10 RNA-seq Library Prep Kit (Premixed Version) is suitable for RNA library preparation for total RNA, ribosomal-depleted RNA or mRNA enriched by Poly(A) method from eukaryotes such as animals, plants, and fungi. The RNA amount varies significantly across different samples, and the initial total RNA inputs can be adjusted according to the sample type and the recommended input of the upstream mRNA enrichment module.

The detailed recommendations are as follows:

VAHTS mRNA Capture Beads 2.0 (Vazyme #N403): 0.01 - 4 µg

Ribo-clean rRNA Depletion Kit Mega (Prevalent Species) (Vazyme #RN416): 0.01 - 1 µg

Ribo-clean rRNA Depletion Kit Mega (Bacteria) (Vazyme #RN417): 0.01 - 1 µg

Ribo-clean Globin mRNA Depletion Probe Mega (Prevalent Species)
(Vazyme #RN418): 0.01 - 1 µg

Ribo-clean rRNA Depletion Kit Mega (Plant) (Vazyme #RN419): 0.01 - 2 µg

Purified mRNA or Ribosomal-depleted RNA: 0.5 - 100 ng

It is recommended to use Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer or other equivalent products to analyze RNA integrity. Please make sure that RNA samples are of high quality ($RIN \geq 7$) when using VAHTS mRNA Capture Beads 2.0 (Vazyme #N403). The degraded sample is usually subjected to RNA fragmentation, causing a 3' bias during library preparation. For RNA samples with $RIN < 7$, the Ribo-off method (Vazyme #RN416/RN417/RN418/RN419) is recommended.

Main fields of RNA-related analysis:

- ◇ Gene expression analysis
- ◇ Single nucleotide variation calling
- ◇ Alternative splicing detection
- ◇ Gene fusion detection
- ◇ Target transcriptome analysis

05/Self-prepared Materials

◇ RNA Evaluation:

- Equalbit RNA HS Assay Kit (Vazyme #EQ211)
- Equalbit RNA BR Assay Kit (Vazyme #EQ212)
- Agilent RNA 6000 Pico Kit (Agilent #5067 - 1513)

◇ mRNA Enrichment Module:

- VAHTS 2 × Frag/Prime Buffer V2 (Vazyme #N405)
- VAHTS mRNA Capture Beads 2.0 (Vazyme #N403)
- Ribo-clean rRNA Depletion Kit Mega (Prevalent Species) (Vazyme #RN416)
- Ribo-clean rRNA Depletion Kit Mega (Bacteria) (Vazyme #RN417)
- Ribo-clean Globin mRNA Depletion Probe Mega (Prevalent Species) (Vazyme #RN418)
- Ribo-clean rRNA Depletion Kit Mega (Plant) (Vazyme #RN419)

◇ DNA and RNA Purification:

- VAHTS DNA Clean Beads (Vazyme #N411)
- VAHTS RNA Clean Beads (Vazyme #N412)
- DF Flowsizer Buffer (Vazyme #N001)

◇ Adapter:

- VAHTS Maxi Unique Dual Index DNA Adapters Set 1 - Set 4 for Illumina (Vazyme #N34201 - N34204)
- VAHTS Multiplex Oligos Set 4 - Set 5 for Illumina (Vazyme #N321/N322)
- VAHTS Maxi Unique Dual Index Primers Set 1 - Set 4 for Illumina (Vazyme #N34401 - N34404)
- VAHTS DNA Adapters Set 8 for MGI (Vazyme #NM108)
- VAHTS Dual UMI UDB Adapters Set 1 - Set 8 for MGI (Vazyme #NM35101 - NM35108)
- VAHTS Maxi Unique Dual Barcode Primers Set 1 - Set 4 for MGI (Vazyme #NM34401 - NM34404)

- ◇ Library Quality Control:
Equalbit 1 × dsDNA HS Assay Kit (Vazyme #EQ121)
- ◇ Other Materials:
80% ethanol (freshly prepared with Nuclease-free ddH₂O), Nuclease-free ddH₂O;
low-adsorption Nuclease-free PCR tubes and tips; PCR instrument, magnetic rack,
qubit, Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer or other equivalent products.

06/Notes

06-1/About RNA Sample Quality Control

To ensure the library quality, RNA quality control must be performed before the experiment. The total amount and purity of RNA samples must meet the following conditions:

1. The initial total RNA inputs should be ≥10 ng; otherwise, the mRNA may be insufficient for library preparation.
2. The ratio of OD260/OD280 should be between 1.8 and 2.1. If the ratio is >2.1, the RNA samples may have been contaminated with genomic DNA. If the ratio is <1.8, the RNA samples may have been contaminated with protein. The ratio of OD230/OD260 should be between 0.4 and 0.5. If the ratio is >0.5, the RNA samples may have been contaminated with salt or small molecule. If the ratio is <0.4, the RNA samples may have been contaminated with genomic DNA.

06-2/About RNA Sample Preparation

1. Mix solutions containing RNA gently by pipetting. Do not vortex, as this may cause RNA degradation and result in an unexpected library size.
2. Please proceed to library preparation as soon as possible using mRNA or ribosomal-depleted RNA to avoid RNA degradation.
3. If the initial concentration of RNA is low, the RNA can be concentrated by lyophilization, ethanol precipitation, column purification or magnetic bead purification (VAHTS RNA Clean Beads, Vazyme #N412).

06-3/About DNA Magnetic Beads

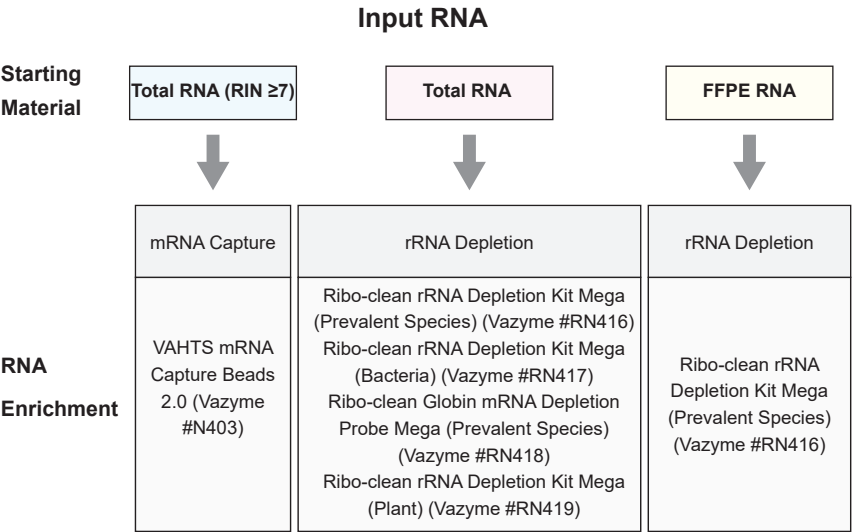
1. Equilibrate magnetic beads to room temperature and mix well before use, or the recovery efficiency may be affected.
2. Transfer the supernatant when the solution becomes clear and do not disturb the beads! If the magnetic beads are accidentally aspirated, please replace the tube on the magnetic rack for separation.
3. Rinse the beads using 80% ethanol (freshly prepared with Nuclease-free ddH₂O), or it may cause RNA loss and library preparation failure. Please discard as much of the supernatant as possible to minimize impurity residues after the second rinse.

- Before elution, ensure that the magnetic beads are sufficiently dry (with the surface changing from shiny brown to matte brown) to prevent ethanol residue from affecting downstream experiments. However, it is important to avoid over-drying as it can reduce the RNA recovery efficiency.

06-4/About Operation

- Thaw all components on ice and mix well by inversion. Centrifuge briefly and place on ice for later use.
- It is recommended to use pipette tips with filters and change the tips for different samples.
- Consumables used should be Nuclease-free before second strand synthesis and DNase-free after second strand synthesis.
- Be sure to use fresh Nuclease-free ddH₂O. It is recommended to aliquot the solution to separate tubes and discard each tube after a single use.
- Be sure to wear gloves during operation, and change gloves after touching equipment or other work areas outside the RNase-free zone.
- All reagents must be capped immediately after use to avoid contamination.
- It is recommended to physically isolate the PCR reaction preparation area from the PCR product purification area to avoid aerosol contamination.

07/Mechanism & Workflow



cDNA Library Preparation

- ◆ 2nd Strand cDNA Synthesis, End Repair, and dA-Tailing are combined into one step, streamlining the library preparation.
- ◆ Purification and Size Selection
Purification: insert DNA >200 bp
Size Selection: insert DNA with customized size

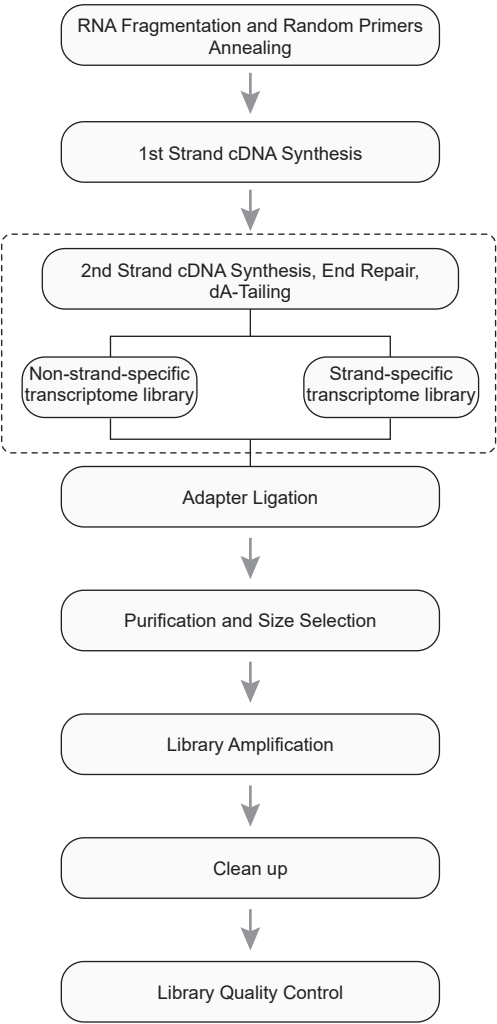


Fig 1. Workflow of VAHTS Universal V10 RNA-seq Library Prep Kit (Premixed Version)

08/Experiment Process

08-1/mRNA Enrichment and Fragmentation

Option A: Poly(A)-based mRNA Capture

Taking VAHTS mRNA Capture Beads 2.0 (Vazyme #N403) for mRNA capture as an example. It is applicable to RNA library preparation with 10 ng - 4 µg intact total RNA from eukaryotes (e.g., animal, plant, or fungi).

1. Equilibrate mRNA Capture Beads 2.0, Beads Wash Buffer 2.0, Tris Buffer 2.0, Beads Binding Buffer 2.0 to room temperature.
2. Prepare RNA samples: Dilute 10 ng - 4 µg total RNA in Nuclease-free ddH₂O to a final volume of 50 µl, and place it on ice for later use.
3. Mix the mRNA Capture Beads 2.0 well by inversion, add 50 µl of mRNA Capture Beads 2.0 to the prepared RNA sample and mix well by pipetting.
▲ mRNA Capture Beads 2.0, Beads Wash Buffer 2.0 and Beads Binding Buffer 2.0 contain detergents. Mix well by pipetting instead of vortexing.
4. Perform the following program in the PCR instrument, enabling mRNA to bind to magnetic beads:

Temperature	Time
65°C	5 min
25°C	5 min

5. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min).
6. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 200 µl of Beads Wash Buffer 2.0 to resuspend the magnetic beads, and mix well by pipetting. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min).
▲ Steps 4 - 6 are the first round of mRNA capture, and steps 7 - 12 are the second round of mRNA capture, ensuring the rRNA depletion efficiency.
▲ For certain samples, step 6 can be repeated once to ensure the rRNA depletion efficiency.
7. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 50 µl of Tris Buffer 2.0 and mix well by pipetting.
8. Perform the following program in the PCR instrument to elute mRNA:

Temperature	Time
80°C	2 min
25°C	Hold

9. Add 50 µl of Beads Binding Buffer 2.0, and mix well by pipetting.
10. Incubate at room temperature for 5 min, enabling mRNA to bind to magnetic beads.
11. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min).
12. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 200 µl of Beads Wash Buffer 2.0 to resuspend the magnetic beads, and mix well by pipetting. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min).
- ▲ Briefly centrifuge and place the tube on the magnetic rack. Discard the supernatant as much as possible to prevent reduced mRNA fragmentation efficiency.
13. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 18 µl of Frag/Prime Buffer 2 to resuspend the magnetic beads, and mix well by pipetting. Place the tube in the PCR instrument, and perform the following program for fragmentation:

Temperature	Time
85°C	6 min
4°C	Hold

- ▲ The fragmentation conditions in the table above are for reference only. Please choose the fragmentation conditions according to Appendix I/ Table 1.
- ▲ mRNA is prone to degradation. Please proceed to first strand cDNA synthesis as soon as possible.
- ▲ Take out 1st Synthetic Master Mix 2 from -30 ~ -15°C in advance and place it on ice for later use.
14. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, carefully transfer 16 µl of supernatant into a new Nuclease-free PCR tube when the solution is clear (about 5 min), and immediately proceed to 08-2/Double-Stranded cDNA Synthesis.

Option B: rRNA Depletion

Take Ribo-clean rRNA Depletion Kit Mega (Prevalent Species) (Vazyme #RN416) for example. It is applicable to RNA library preparation with 10 ng - 1 µg total RNA from human, rat, mouse, and macaca. For other species, please refer to the corresponding rRNA depletion kit instruction.

1. Probe hybridization with RNA
- a. Dilute 10 ng - 1 µg total RNA to a final volume of 9 µl with Nuclease-free ddH₂O in the Nuclease-free PCR tube, and keep it on ice for later use.
- ▲ Take out the required components from -30 ~ -15°C in advance for next step and place on ice for later use.
- b. Prepare the following reaction mix in a Nuclease-free PCR tube and mix well by pipetting:

Components	Volume
rRNA Probe Mega (Prevalent Species)	3 µl
Probe Buffer	3 µl
Total RNA	9 µl
Total	15 µl

- c. Mix well by pipetting 10 times, and briefly centrifuge to collect the reaction mix at the tube bottom.
- ▲ When multiple samples are processed simultaneously, the rRNA Probe Mega (Prevalent Species) and Probe Buffer can be pre-mixed, and then aliquoted into each PCR tube. It is recommended to prepare 1.1 times the actual number of reactions to compensate for losses.

d. Place the PCR tube in the PCR instrument and perform the following program:

Temperature	Time
95°C	2 min
95 ~ 37°C	0.1°C/sec
37°C	5 min
4°C	Hold

e. Remove the tube immediately when the reaction is completed. Briefly centrifuge to collect the reaction mix at the tube bottom, and place it on ice for the next step.

2. RNase H digestion:

a. Prepare the following reaction mix on ice:

Components	Volume
RNase H Buffer 2	3 µl
RNase H Mix	2 µl
Previous step product	15 µl
Total	20 µl

b. Mix well by pipetting 10 times, and briefly centrifuge to collect the reaction mix at the tube bottom.

c. Place the tube in the PCR instrument, and perform the following program for RNase H digestion:

Temperature	Time
50°C	15 min
4°C	Hold

d. Briefly centrifuge to collect the reaction mix at the tube bottom, and place it on ice for the next step.

3. DNase I digestion:

a. Prepare the following reaction mix on ice:

Components	Volume
DNase I Buffer	29 µl
DNase I	1 µl
Previous step product	20 µl
Total	50 µl

b. Mix well by pipetting 10 times, and briefly centrifuge to collect the reaction mix at the tube bottom.

c. Place the tube in the PCR instrument, and perform the following program for DNase I digestion:

Temperature	Time
37°C	10 min
4°C	Hold

d. Briefly centrifuge to collect the reaction mix at the tube bottom, and place it on ice for the next step.

4. Ribosomal-depleted RNA purification:

a. Mix VAHTS RNA Clean Beads (Vazyme #N412) well by vortexing. Add 110 µl (2.2 ×) to the RNA sample from the previous step, and mix well by pipetting 10 times.

b. Incubate on ice for 15 min to allow RNA to bind to the magnetic beads.

c. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution becomes clear (about 5 min).

d. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and wash the beads with 200 µl of 80% ethanol (freshly prepared with Nuclease-free ddH₂O). Incubate at room temperature for 30 sec, then carefully discard the supernatant.

e. Repeat step d once.

f. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and air-dry the beads for 5 - 10 min.

▲ Do not disturb the magnetic beads when adding 80% ethanol.

▲ Use a 10 µl pipette to discard the residual supernatant.

▲ Avoid over-drying of the magnetic beads, which may reduce recovery efficiency.

g. RNA elution:

Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 18 µl of Frag/Prime Buffer 2 from VAHTS Universal V10 RNA-seq Library Prep Kit (Premixed Version) (Vazyme #NR616), and mix well. Incubate at room temperature for 2 min. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and carefully transfer 16 µl of the supernatant to a new Nuclease-free PCR tube when the solution becomes clear (about 5 min).

5. RNA fragmentation:

Place the tube in the PCR instrument, and perform the following program for fragmentation:

Temperature	Time
85°C	6 min
4°C	Hold

▲ The fragmentation conditions in the table above are for reference only. Please choose the fragmentation conditions according to Appendix I/Table 1.

▲ mRNA is prone to degradation. Please proceed to first strand cDNA synthesis as soon as possible.

▲ Take out 1st Synthetic Master Mix 2 from -30 ~ -15°C in advance and place it on ice for later use.

Immediately proceed to 08-2/Double-Stranded cDNA Synthesis.

Option C: Purified mRNA or Total RNA

VAHTS 2 × Frag/Prime Buffer V2 (Vazyme #N405) is required for Option C. It is suitable for library preparation with 0.5 - 100 ng purified mRNA, ribosomal-depleted RNA or total RNA.

1. Prepare the reaction mix and mix well by pipetting:

Components	Volume
2 × Frag/Prime Buffer V2	8 μl
RNA	8 μl
Total	16 μl

2. Place the tube in the PCR instrument, and perform the following program for fragmentation:

Temperature	Time
85°C	6 min
4°C	Hold

- ▲ The fragmentation conditions in the table above are for reference only. Please choose the fragmentation conditions according to Appendix I/Table 1.
- ▲ mRNA is prone to degradation. Please proceed to first strand cDNA synthesis as soon as possible.
- ▲ Take out 1st Synthetic Master Mix 2 from -30 ~ -15°C in advance and place it on ice for later use.

08-2/Double-Stranded cDNA Synthesis

Before proceeding to first-strand cDNA synthesis, please ensure that the processed RNA has been fragmented according to the appropriate protocol: Option A (Poly(A)-based mRNA Capture, Step 13) when using N403, or Option B (rRNA Depletion, Step 5) when using the Ribo-clean rRNA Depletion Kit.

1. Thaw the components for double-stranded cDNA synthesis on ice, mix by inversion and briefly centrifuge to collect the solution to the tube bottom. Prepare the following reaction mix for first strand cDNA synthesis:

Components	Volume
Fragmented mRNA	16 μl
1st Synthetic Master Mix 2	9 μl 
Total	25 μl

2. Mix well by pipetting.

- ▲ Please protect 1st Synthetic Master Mix 2 from light before adding to the reaction mix.

3. Perform the following program in the PCR instrument for the first strand cDNA synthesis:

Temperature	Time
Heated lid 105°C	On
25°C	10 min
42°C	15 min
70°C	15 min
4°C	Hold

- ▲ Please proceed to the second strand cDNA synthesis immediately.
- ▲ Take out 2nd Synthetic Master Mix 2 from -30 ~ -15°C in advance, and place it on ice for later use.

4. Prepare the following reaction mix for second strand cDNA synthesis:

Components	Volume
1st Strand cDNA	25 µl
2nd Synthetic Master Mix 2 (with dNTP or dUTP)*	40 µl 
Total	65 µl

* 2nd Synthetic Master Mix 2 (with dNTP) is for non-strand-specific transcriptome library, and 2nd Synthetic Master Mix 2 (with dUTP) is for strand-specific transcriptome library. Please choose the suitable component as needed.

5. Mix well by pipetting.

6. Perform the following program in the PCR instrument for second strand cDNA synthesis:

Temperature	Time
Heated lid 105°C	On
16°C	30 min
65°C	15 min
4°C	Hold

▲ Take out the components for 08-3/Adapter Ligation from -30 ~ -15°C in advance and place them on ice for later use.

 The double-stranded synthesis products can be stored at -30 ~ -15°C for 24 h.

08-3/Adapter Ligation

1. Prepare the following reaction mix:

Components	Volume
ds cDNA	65 µl
Ligase Master Mix 2	30 µl 
Adapter*	5 µl
Total	100 µl

▲ It is recommended to add the Adapter to the ds cDNA and mix well. Then add Ligase Master Mix 2 to the mixture.

* The final volume of the adapter is 5 µl. Please dilute the adapter to the corresponding concentration based on the initial RNA input amount.

Total RNA Input		Adapter Concentration
Option A/Option B	Option C	
≥1 µg	100 ng	5 µM
500 ng	10 ng	3 µM
100 ng	1 ng	2 µM
10 ng	0.5 ng	1.5 µM

2. Perform the following program in the PCR instrument:

Temperature	Time
Heated lid 105°C	On
20°C	15 min
4°C	Hold

▲ Equilibrate VAHTS DNA Clean Beads to room temperature before use.

 Adapter Ligation products can be stored at 2 ~ 8°C for 1 h.

08-4/Purification and Size Selection

Two options are provided. Please choose the suitable one as needed.

Purification: A broad-range library size (>200 bp);

Size Selection: Both purification and size selection are needed. Library size is in a specific range. Please refer to Appendix I/Table 1 for the size selection conditions of different adapters.

Purification: A broad-range library size (>200 bp)

1. Equilibrate VAHTS DNA Clean Beads (Vazyme #N411) to room temperature.
2. Mix VAHTS DNA Clean Beads well by inversion or vortexing. Add 60 μ l (0.6 $\times$) of beads to the ligation product and mix well by pipetting.
3. Incubate at room temperature for 10 min, enabling DNA to bind to magnetic beads.
4. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min).
5. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and add 200 μ l of 80% ethanol (freshly prepared with Nuclease-free ddH₂O) to rinse magnetic beads. Incubate at room temperature for 30 sec, and discard the supernatant.
6. Repeat step 5 once.
7. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and air-dry the beads for 5 - 10 min.
 - ▲ Do not disturb the beads when adding 80% ethanol.
 - ▲ Discard the supernatant as much as possible with a 10 μ l pipette.
 - ▲ Avoid beads over-drying as this may reduce recovery efficiency.
8. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 22 μ l of Nuclease-free ddH₂O and mix well by pipetting. Incubate at room temperature for 2 min. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and transfer 20 μ l of the supernatant to a new Nuclease-free PCR tube when the solution is clear (about 5 min).

Size Selection: Both purification and size selection are needed. Please choose the suitable selection conditions for a specific library size.

Purification with 0.6 $\times$ VAHTS DNA Clean Beads

1. Equilibrate VAHTS DNA Clean Beads (Vazyme #N411) to room temperature.
2. Mix VAHTS DNA Clean Beads well by inversion or vortexing. Add 60 μ l (0.6 $\times$) of beads to the ligation product and mix well by pipetting.
3. Incubate at room temperature for 10 min, enabling DNA to bind to magnetic beads.
4. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min).

5. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and add 200 µl of 80% ethanol (freshly prepared with Nuclease-free ddH₂O) to rinse magnetic beads. Incubate at room temperature for 30 sec, and discard the supernatant.
6. Repeat step 5 once.
7. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and air-dry the beads for 5 - 10 min.
 - ▲ Do not disturb the beads when adding 80% ethanol.
 - ▲ Discard the supernatant as much as possible with a 10 µl pipette.
 - ▲ Avoid beads over-drying as this may reduce recovery efficiency.
8. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 102 µl of Nuclease-free ddH₂O and mix well by pipetting. Incubate at room temperature for 2 min. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and transfer 100 µl of the supernatant to a new Nuclease-free PCR tube when the solution is clear (about 5 min).

Size selection with two rounds of VAHTS DNA Clean Beads

(In the following procedure, the fragmentation is performed at 85°C for 6 min, with an Illumina library insert size of 280 - 380 bp. These conditions are for reference only. Please refer to Appendix I/ Table 1 for other size selection conditions.)

9. Mix VAHTS DNA Clean Beads well by inversion or vortexing. Add 60 µl (0.6 ×) of beads to the purified products and mix well by pipetting.
10. Incubate at room temperature for 10 min, enabling DNA to bind to magnetic beads.
11. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and transfer 150 µl of supernatant to a new Nuclease-free PCR tube when the solution is clear (about 5 min).
 - ▲ Do not disturb the beads when transferring the supernatant! Bead residues may cause large fragments in the final library.
12. Add 10 µl (0.1 ×) of VAHTS DNA Clean Beads, and mix well by pipetting.
13. Incubate at room temperature for 10 min, enabling DNA to bind to magnetic beads.
14. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min).
15. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and add 200 µl of 80% ethanol (freshly prepared with Nuclease-free ddH₂O) to rinse magnetic beads. Incubate at room temperature for 30 sec, and discard the supernatant.
16. Repeat step 15 once.
17. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and air-dry the beads for 5 - 10 min.
 - ▲ Do not disturb the beads when adding 80% ethanol.
 - ▲ Discard the supernatant as much as possible with a 10 µl pipette.
 - ▲ Avoid beads over-drying as this may reduce recovery efficiency.

18. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 22 μ l of Nuclease-free ddH₂O and mix well by pipetting. Incubate at room temperature for 2 min. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and transfer 20 μ l of the supernatant to a new Nuclease-free PCR tube when the solution is clear (about 5 min).

▲ Do not disturb the beads when transferring the supernatant! Bead residues may cause reduced library yield.

 Purified products can be stored at -30 ~ -15°C for 24 h.

08-5/Library Amplification

1. Prepare the PCR reaction mix for corresponding adapter:

Components	Volume
Purified Ligation Products	20 μ l
VAHTS HiFi Amplification Mix 3	25 μ l 
PCR Primer Mix 6 for Illumina/MGI *	5 μ l  
Total	50 μ l

* PCR Primer Mix 6 for Illumina is designed for Illumina library preparation; PCR Primer Mix 6 for MGI is designed for MGI library preparation.

PCR Primer Mix 6 for Illumina/MGI is applicable to the full length adapter (e.g., Vazyme #N34201 - N34204). For the stubby adapter, please use the PCR primer provided in the adapter kit (e.g., Vazyme #N321-N322/N34401 - N34404/NM34401 - NM34404).

2. Mix well by pipetting.
3. Place the tube in the PCR instrument, and perform the program for library amplification:

Program	Temperature	Time	Cycles
Heated Lid	105°C	On	
Pre-denaturation	98°C	45 sec	1
Denaturation	98°C	15 sec	9 - 18
Annealing	60°C	30 sec	
Extension	72°C	30 sec	
Final Extension	72°C	1 min	1
Hold	4°C	Hold	

The mRNA amount varies significantly across different samples. Please adjust the number of PCR cycles accordingly. Refer to the table below for recommended PCR cycle numbers.

Input RNA		Cycles	
Option A/B	Option C	Non-strand-specific Transcriptome	Strand-specific Transcriptome
>1 μ g		9	9
1 μ g	100 ng	10	11
500 ng	10 ng	12	13
100 ng	1 ng	14	15
10 ng	0.5 ng	17	18

4. PCR product purification:

- a. Equilibrate VAHTS DNA Clean Beads to room temperature.
- b. Mix VAHTS DNA Clean Beads well by inversion or vortexing. Add 45 µl (0.9 ×) of beads to the PCR product and mix well by pipetting.
- c. Incubate at room temperature for 10 min, enabling DNA to bind to magnetic beads.
- d. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min).

▲ DF Flowsizer Buffer (Vazyme #N001) is recommended for the removal of small fragments.

The process is as follows:

- (1) After finishing step d, remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 50 µl of DF Flowsizer Buffer (Vazyme #N001), and mix well by pipetting. Incubate at room temperature for 5 min.
 - (2) Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and discard the supernatant when the solution is clear (about 5 min). Then proceed to step e.
- e. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and add 200 µl of 80% ethanol (freshly prepared with Nuclease-free ddH₂O) to rinse magnetic beads. Incubate at room temperature for 30 sec, and discard the supernatant.
 - f. Repeat step e once.
 - g. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack, and air-dry the beads for 5 - 10 min.
 - ▲ Do not disturb the beads when adding 80% ethanol.
 - ▲ Discard the supernatant as much as possible with a 10 µl pipette.
 - ▲ Avoid beads over-drying as this may reduce recovery efficiency.
 - h. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add 25 µl of Nuclease-free ddH₂O and mix well by pipetting. Incubate at room temperature for 2 min. Place the tube on the magnetic rack, and transfer 23 µl of the supernatant to a new Nuclease-free PCR tube when the solution is clear (about 5 min).
 - ▲ Do not disturb the beads when transferring the supernatant! Bead residues may affect sequencing results.

08-6/Library Quality Control

Use the Agilent DNA 1000 kit (Agilent, #5067 - 1504) to analyze the library size distribution. If a peak appears at 90 - 140 bp, it indicates adapter-dimer contamination in the library. Please dilute the library to 50 µl with Nuclease-free ddH₂O, and repeat step 4 of [08-5/Library Amplification](#) to re-purify the library.

09/FAQ & Troubleshooting

◇ If the library concentration is too low, how to improve it?

Library concentration is related to total RNA quality including the integrity and input amounts. If it is not possible to extract qualified RNA samples, the following compensatory methods may be taken:

- ① Increase total RNA inputs: up to 1 μ g.
- ② Prepare several duplicate samples and merge them after purification.

◇ Is Vazyme #NR616 suitable for Small RNA library preparation?

No. Small RNAs are about 22 nt and are too small to be captured by the beads used with Vazyme #NR616.

◇ Is Vazyme #NR616 compatible with FFPE samples?

Yes. However, mRNA in FFPE samples may be degraded; therefore, the Ribo-off rRNA depletion method is recommended for the mRNA enrichment module.

◇ How to choose PCR cycles at different RNA inputs?

Please refer to the recommendation shown in **08-5/Library Amplification**. If uncertain, it is recommended to take 1 μ l of amplification products (before purification) for Qubit detection, and then perform additional amplification cycles according to the actual yield.

◇ If there is a double peak in the library pattern, what could be the possible reasons?

- ① RNA degradation causes non-specific amplification.
- ② RNA fragments from certain species may be not continuously and uniformly distributed after RNA fragmentation, resulting in a library size distribution with two peaks.
- ③ Library is detected with the high-sensitivity chip. It is recommended to use Agilent DNA 1000 Kit for detection, or dilute the library to an appropriate concentration and then use Agilent DNA HS Kit for detection.

Appendix I: Size Selection Conditions for Full Length Adapter or Stubby Adapter on Illumina & MGI Platforms

Platform		Illumina			MGI	
Library Size (bp)		300 - 400	400 - 500	500 - 600	300 - 400	400 - 500
Fragmentation Condition		94°C 5 min	85°C 6 min	85°C 6 min	94°C 5 min	85°C 6 min
Insert Size (bp)		180 - 280	280 - 380	380 - 480	220 - 320	280 - 380
Full Length Adapter	1st Round Beads	0.65 ×	0.6 ×	0.5 ×	0.5 ×	0.45 ×
	2nd Round Beads	0.1 ×	0.1 ×	0.1 ×	0.15 ×	0.15 ×
Insert Size (bp)		180 - 280	280 - 380	380 - 480	160 - 260	260 - 360
Stubby Adapter	1st Round Beads	0.65 ×	0.6 ×	0.5 ×	0.5 ×	0.5 ×
	2nd Round Beads	0.1 ×	0.1 ×	0.1 ×	0.2 ×	0.15 ×

- ▲ The final library length depends on the volume of magnetic beads added during size selection. The bead-to-DNA volume ratio used in the two rounds of size selection is relative to the initial DNA volume (100 µl).
- ▲ Full length adapter: VAHTS Maxi Unique Dual Index DNA Adapters Set 1 - Set 4 for Illumina (Vazyme #N34201 - N34204), VAHTS DNA Adapters Set 8 for MGI (Vazyme #NM108).
- ▲ Stubby adapter: VAHTS Multiplex Oligos Set 4 - Set 5 for Illumina (Vazyme #N321/N322), VAHTS Maxi Unique Dual Index Primers Set 1 - Set 4 for Illumina (Vazyme #N34401 - N34404), VAHTS Dual UMI UDB Adapters Set 1 - Set 8 for MGI (Vazyme #NM35101 - NM35108), VAHTS Maxi Unique Dual Barcode Primers Set 1 - Set 4 for MGI (Vazyme #NM34401 - NM34404).



Vazyme Biotech Co.,Ltd.

www.vazyme.com

400-600-9335 (China) +86 400-168-5000 (Global)

support@vazyme.com